

# **Distal Bicep Tendon Repair- Rehabilitation Protocol**

# **Initial Post operative Immobilization**

• Posterior splint, elbow immobilization at 90° for 5-7 days with forearm in neutral

(Unless otherwise indicated by surgeon)

# **Hinged Elbow Brace**

- Elbow placed in a hinged ROM brace at 5-7 days postoperative. Brace set unlocked at 45° to full flexion.
- Gradually increase elbow ROM in brace (see below)

# **Hinged Brace Range of Motion Progression**

# (ROM progression may be adjusted base on Surgeon's assessment of the surgical repair.)

Week 2 45° to full elbow flexion

Week 3 45° to full elbow flexion

Week 4 30° to full elbow flexion

Week 5 20° to full elbow flexion

Week 6 10° to full elbow flexion

Week 8 Full ROM of elbow; discontinue brace if adequate motor control

# Range of Motion Exercises (to above brace specifications)

#### Weeks 2-3

- Passive ROM for elbow flexion and supination (with elbow at 90°)
- Assisted ROM for elbow extension and pronation (with elbow at 90°)
- Shoulder ROM as needed based on evaluation, avoiding excessive extension.

## Weeks 3-4

- Initiate active-assisted ROM elbow flexion
- Continue assisted extension and progress to passive extension ROM

#### Week 4

• Active ROM elbow flexion and extension

#### Weeks 6-8

- Continue program as above
- May begin combined/composite motions (i.e. extension with pronation).
- If at 8 weeks post-op the patient has significant ROM deficits therapist may consider more aggressive management, after consultation with referring surgeon, to regain ROM.

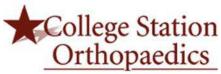
## **Strengthening Program**

Week 1 Sub-maximal pain free isometrics for triceps and shoulder musculature.

Week 2 Sub-maximal pain free biceps isometrics with forearm in neutral.

Week 3-4 Single plane active ROM elbow flexion, extension, supination, and pronation.

**Week 8** Progressive resisted exercise program is initiated for elbow flexion, extension, supination, and pronation.



- Progress shoulder strengthening program
  - o Weeks 12-14: May initiate light upper extremity weight training.
  - Non-athletes initiate endurance program that simulates desired work activities/requirements.